Auditing Procedures Report

Instructions and MuniCodes

*=Required Fields

Reset Form

Issued under Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended, (V1.07)

Unit Name* RESORT TOWNSHIP	County* EMMET		7	Type* TOWNSHIP	MuniCode*	24-1-130
Opinion Date-Use Calendar* Jul 25, 2008	Audit Subm Calendar*	nitted-Use	Sep 26, 2008	Fiscal Year End Month* 03	Fiscal Year*	2008

If a local unit of government (authorities & commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is NOT included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

Place a check next to each "Yes" or non-applicable question below. Questions left unmarked should be those you wish to answer "No."

I⊠	?	1. Are all required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements?									
×	?	2.	Does the local unit have a positive fund balance in all of its unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets?								
X	?	? 3. Were the local unit's actual expenditures within the amounts authorized in the budget?									
X	?	4. Is this unit in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury?									
X	?	5.	Did the local unit adopt a budget for all required funds?								
X	?	6.	Was a public hearing on the budget held in accordance with State statute?								
×	?	7.	s the local unit in compliance with the Revised Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, and other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division?								
×	?	8.	Has the local unit distributed tax revenues, that were collected for another taxing unit, timely as required by the general property tax act?								
X	**********		Do all deposits/investments comply with statutory requirements including the adoption of an investment policy?								
×		10.	Is the local unit free of illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to your attention as defined in the Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin.)								
×			Is the unit free of any indications of fraud or illegal acts that came to your attention during the course of audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division? (If there is such activity, please submit a separate report under separate cover.)								
X	?	12.	Is the local unit free of repeated reported deficiencies from previous years?								
X	?	13.	Is the audit opinion unqualified? 14. If not, what type of opinion is it? NA								
X		15.	Has the local unit complied with GASB 34 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)?								
X	?	16.	Has the board or council approved all disbursements prior to payment as required by charter or statute?								
X											
Г	19. If so, was it attached to the audit report?										
	G	ene	ral Fund Revenue:								
	G	ene	ral Fund Expenditure: \$\frac{2}{3}\$\$ 1,094,728.00 Governmental Activities								
	М	ajo	Fund Deficit Amount: \$ 0.00 Long-Term Debt (see \$ 0.00 instructions): ?								

We affirm that we are certified public accountants (CPA) licensed to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the above responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (reported deviations).

CPA (First Name)* HUGH	Last MASON Name*	Ten Digit Lice	nse Number* 1101	008161		
CPA Street Address* 110 PARK AVENUE	City* CHARLEVOIX	State*MI	Zip Code* 49720	Telephone* +1 (231) 547-4911		
CPA Firm Name* MASON & KAMMERMANN P	Unit's Street Address* 2232 RESORT F	PIKE ROAD	Unit's City* PETOSKEY		Unit's 49770 Zip*	

RESORT TOWNSHIP EMMET COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION for the year ended March 31, 2008

MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS CHARLEVOIX, MICHIGAN

Iab	le of Conten
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	9
Statement of Activities	10
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	11
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities	14
Fiduciary Fund:	
Statement of Net Assets	15
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	16
Notes to Financial Statements	17-24
Required Supplementary Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund	25-28
Fire Fund	29
Public Improvements Fund	30
Other Supplementary Information	
Statement of Tax Levy and Collections	31

MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUGH E. MASON VELDA K. KAMMERMANN 110 Park Avenue Charlevoix, Michigan 49720 Telephone (231) 547-4911 Facsimile (231) 547-5911

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

July 25, 2008

Members of the Township Board Resort Township Petoskey, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Resort Township of Petoskey, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Resort Township as of March 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8 and 25 through 30, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Resort Township's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mason & Kammermann P.C.

Mason & Kammermann, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Management's Discussion & Analysis July 25, 2008

This section of Resort Township's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Township during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis introduces the Township's basic financial statements that follow this section. These financial statements are formatted to comply with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). Resort Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. Additionally, this report also contains other supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Township as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities includes all of the Township's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of Resort Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Resort Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year, using the full accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information separated into related areas to demonstrate how resources have been allocated for specific activities or functions. Resort Township, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with the requirements of accounting standards and laws. Resort Township uses two categories of funds, which are governmental and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion & Analysis July 25, 2008

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions as reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Resort Township maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Fire Fund and Public Improvements Fund, which are considered to be major funds.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and other major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs.

Management's Discussion & Analysis July 25, 2008

Financial Analysis of the Township as a Whole

The table below summarizes the Township's net assets as of March 31, 2008 and 2007:

	2008	2007
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 2,627,968	\$ 2,607,782
Capital assets, net acc. depreciation	1,202,204	1,048,524
Total assets	3,830,172	3,656,306
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	8,172	38,832
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets	1,202,204	1,048,524
Restricted	226,380	280,097
Unrestricted	2,393,416	2,288,853
Total net assets	\$ 3,822,000	\$ 3,617,474

Net assets for the Township total \$3,822,000. Net assets totaling \$226,380 are restricted for fire protection. The township has \$2,393,416 of unrestricted net assets, which could be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements.

Management's Discussion & Analysis July 25, 2008

The following table shows how activities affected changes in net assets during the fiscal year and the prior year.

Change in Net Assets For The Years Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007

	Governmental Activities				
	2008	2007			
Revenues:					
Program Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 32,267	\$ 9,180			
Capital grants & contributions	-	82,500			
General Revenues:		•			
Property taxes	335,371	228,723			
Act 425 tax revenue	675,694	684,279			
State shared revenues	184,821	177,360			
Interest	81,141	71,958			
Other	518	115			
Total revenues	1,309,812	1,254,115			
Expenses:					
Legislative	70,388	92,674			
General government	160,195	151,698			
Community & economic development	58,352	59,742			
Public safety	117,546	94,342			
Public works	609,382	684,718			
Recreation and cultural	89,423	150,117			
Total expenses	1,105,286	1,233,291			
Change in net assets	\$ 204,526	\$ 20,824			

Revenue sources and changes

Total revenue from all sources totaled \$1,309,812 for governmental activities. This revenue consists mainly of \$675,694 (51.6%) Act 425 tax revenue from their agreement with the City of Petoskey, \$335,371 (25.6%) from property tax collection and \$184,821 (14.1%) from state revenue sharing. The millage rate for general operations was .9437 and .4718 for the fire department.

Management's Discussion & Analysis July 25, 2008

Expenses

Using a full accrual basis of accounting, the Township spent \$1,105,286 on governmental activities. This equates to 55.1% on public works, 14.5% on general government, 10.6% on public safety, 8.1% on culture and recreation, 6.4% on legislative activities and 5.3% on community and economic development.

Financial Analysis of the Township's Funds

At March 31, 2008, the Township's governmental funds reported a combined cash and cash equivalents balance of \$2,601,253, which is approximately \$16,599 more than last year.

Revenues in the General Fund exceeded expenditures by \$71,496, which was primarily due to expected expenditures being less than projected.

The Fire Fund had a \$53,717 decrease in its fund balance this year. This was due to capital outlay expenditures being more than anticipated.

The Capital Improvement Fund increased by \$33,067 due to interest earned on certificates of deposit.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the Board approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to its starting on April 1. The Board prior to the close of the year must approve any amendments made to the operating budget on March 31.

The following schedule shows a comparison of the original fund budget, the final amended general fund budget and actual totals from operations:

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
Total Revenues	\$ 928,137	\$ 1,078,137	\$ 1,166,224	\$ 88,087
Total Expenditures	1,033,200	1,130,200	1,094,728	(35,472)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (105,083)	\$ (52.063)	\$ 71,496	\$ 123,559

Management's Discussion & Analysis July 25, 2008

The Township's budgets are prepared in accordance with Michigan Law. The General Fund budget was amended during the year. As additional information became known during the fiscal year, budget amendments were made to recognize the additional revenue and/or planned expenditures related to various Township programs.

Capital Assets

At fiscal year ended March 31, 2008, the Township had \$1,202,204 of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. During the year, the Township invested \$161,289 in equipment and \$50,098 in building improvements.

Capital assets include all purchases of assets that exceed \$1,000. Capital assets include: land and land improvements, building and building improvements, equipment and furniture. The Township uses straight-line depreciation for all depreciable assets.

Long-Term Debt

The Township had no outstanding long-term debt as of March 31, 2008.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The unemployment rate is still high in the State of Michigan and the State's shortfall in the budget means further reductions in state-shared revenues.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Resort Township's finances for all those with an interest in the township's finances. If you have questions concerning this report or requests for any additional financial information, please contact Resort Township, 2232 Resort Pike Road, Petoskey, MI 49770.

Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

	vernmental Activities
<u>Assets</u>	
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Taxes receivable Inventory - books	\$ 2,601,253 369 19,699 6,647
Total current assets	2,627,968
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	1,594,422 (392,218)
Less. accumulated depreciation	(392,210)
Total noncurrent assets	 1,202,204
Total assets	3,830,172
<u>Liabilities and Net Assets</u>	
Current Liabilities Accounts payable	8,172
Net Assets Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	 1,202,204 226,380 2,393,416
Total net assets	\$ 3,822,000

The accompanying notes are a part of the financial statements.

Statement of Activities For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

		ı	Program Revenu	ies	Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Assets
Governmental Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Total
Legislative General government Community and economic development Public safety Public works Recreation and culture	\$ 70,388 160,195 58,352 117,546 609,382 89,423	\$ 21,414 - 10,853 - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ (48,974) (160,195) (47,499) (117,546) (609,382) (89,423)
Total government activities	\$ 1,105,286 General Revenue	\$ 32,267 ues:	<u>\$</u>		(1,073,019)
	Taxes: Property tax Act 425 tax State shared re Interest Other	revenue			335,371 675,694 184,821 81,141 518
	Total general re	evenues			1,277,545
	Change in Net	Assets			204,526
	Net Assets - Ap	pril 1, 2007			3,617,474
	Net Assets - M	arch 31, 2008			\$ 3,822,000

The accompanying notes are a part of the financial statements.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet March 31, 2008

<u>Assets</u>	 General	Fire	Capital provement	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Taxes receivable Inventory - books	\$ 1,825,363 369 13,140 6,647	\$ 222,740 - 6,559 -	\$ 553,150 - - -	\$ 2,601,253 369 19,699 6,647
Total assets	\$ 1,845,519	\$ 229,299	\$ 553,150	\$ 2,627,968
Liabilities and Fund Equity Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 5,253	\$ 2,919	\$ -	\$ 8,172
Fund equity: Undesignated and unreserved Designated for capital improvements Restricted for fire protection	 1,840,266 - -	- - 226,380	553,150 -	1,840,266 553,150 226,380
Total fund equity	 1,840,266	 226,380	 553,150	 2,619,796
Total liabilities & fund equity	\$ 1,845,519	\$ 229,299	\$ 553,150	\$ 2,627,968

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

Total Fund Equity - Governmental Funds

\$ 2,619,796

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Cost of capital assets 1,594,422
Accumulated depreciation (392,218)

Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities \$ 3,822,000

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

						Capital		
D		General		Fire	Imp	rovement		Total
Revenues:	Φ.	000 407	Φ.	407.474	Φ		Φ.	005.074
Taxes	\$	228,197	\$	107,174	\$	-	\$	335,371
Act 425 tax revenue		675,694		-		-		675,694
State shared revenue		184,821		-		-		184,821
Licenses & permits		10,853		-		-		10,853
Charges for service		21,414		-		-		21,414
Interest		44,727		3,347		33,067		81,141
Other		518				-		518
Total revenues		1,166,224		110,521		33,067		1,309,812
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Legislative		70,388		-		-		70,388
General government		148,091		-		-		148,091
Community & economic development		58,352		-		-		58,352
Public safety		-		77,925		-		77,925
Public works		609,382		-		-		609,382
Recreation and culture		83,441		-		_		83,441
Capital outlay		125,074		86,313	1			211,387
Total expenditures		1,094,728		164,238				1,258,966
Net Change in Fund Balances		71,496		(53,717)		33,067		50,846
Fund Balances - April 1, 2007		1,768,770		280,097		520,083		2,568,950
Fund Balances - March 31, 2008	\$	1,840,266	\$	226,380	\$	553,150	\$	2,619,796

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 50,846
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets	044.00=
is allocated over their estimated useful lives	211,387
Depreciation expense is recorded in the statement of activities but not	
the governmental fund financial statements	 (57,707)
Changes in Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 204,526

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

Assets 369

369 **Due to Other Funds**

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Changes in Net Assets For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Additions:	
Property tax collections for primary government	\$ 340,044
Property tax collections for other governments	 7,207,502
Taral address	7.547.540
Total additions	 7,547,546
Deductions:	
Property tax distributions to primary government	340,044
Property tax distributions to other governments	 7,207,502
Total distributions	 7,547,546
Change in Net Assets	-
Fiduciary Net Assets - April 1, 2007	
Fiduciary Net Assets - March 31, 2008	\$ _

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Resort Township (Township) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Resort Township.

A. Reporting Entity

The Township operates under a Board-Supervisor form of government and provides the following services: public safety (fire), public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, these financial statements present the Local Unit (primary government). The criteria established by the GASB statements for determining the reporting entity includes oversight responsibility, fiscal dependency, and whether the financial statements would be misleading if data were not included. Based on these criteria, the Township has no component units.

Joint Operation

The Resort-Bear Creek Fire Department provides fire protection services to the Township. The Fire Department is a joint venture between Bear Creek Township and Resort Township. Resort Township has a pro rata share of 30 percent of operating expenditures and 50 percent of capital expenditures. The Township does not have oversight responsibility for the Resort-Bear Creek Fire Department. The Fire Department's financial statements are blended as part of Bear Creek's financial statements and may be obtained at Bear Creek Township, 373 N. Division Rd., Petoskey, Michigan 49770

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state-shared revenue, and interest associated with current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue for the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when the government receives cash.

Notes To Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Included under this classification are the Capital Improvement and Fire Funds.

Agency Fund – The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is comprised of the amount of funds in bank accounts. Cash equivalents consisting of certificates of deposit are stated at cost or amortized cost, which approximates market.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost. Inventory recorded in the General Fund consists of Resort Township history books. Disbursements for inventory-type items are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund at the time of sale.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

> Buildings 40 years Equipment 5 years Land Improvements 20 years Building Improvements 25 years

Long-term Obligations

As of March 31, 2008, the Township has no outstanding long-term debt.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates

The Township used estimates and assumptions in preparing the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to April 1, the Supervisor submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance prior to April 1.
- 4. The budget is adopted at the total fund level on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Township Board during the year.
- 5. Appropriations expire at the end of the fiscal year.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

The Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, PA 2 of 1968, as amended, (MCL 141.421 et seq.) provides that a local governmental unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The Resort Township's budgeted and actual expenditures for the funds budgeted have been shown on a functional basis.

During the year, the Township incurred expenditures in the General Fund in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

Fund/Function	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
General Fund: General government	\$ 139,000	\$ 143,000	\$ 148,091	\$ 5,091

Accumulated Fund Deficits

The Resort Township had no funds with an accumulated fund balance/retained earnings deficit at March 31, 2008.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Local Unit to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; banker's acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

Cash in banks – At March 31, 2008 the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$2,048,103.

Investments – At March 31, 2008 the Township's investments consisted of certificates of deposit totaling \$553,150.

Federal Depository Insurance – Of the above balances, \$744,200 was covered by federal depository insurance and U.S. Government guarantees. The remaining \$1,857,053 was uninsured and uncollateralized. State statutes prohibit security in the form of collateral, surety bonds or another form to be taken for the deposit of public funds. The township may experience significant fluctuations in deposit balances during the year.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien (due and payable) on property upon levy. Taxes are levied in July and December and are payable through February 28. The Township bills and collects its own property taxes, as well as taxes for other governmental units. Collections of the other governmental units' taxes and remittances of them to the units are accounted for in the Agency Fund. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied.

The Township is permitted by state law, subject to the State Headlee and Truth-in-Taxation provision, to levy taxes up to \$1.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt and unlimited amounts for payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt.

The tax rates are summarized as follows:

PURPOSE	RATE/ ASSESSED VALUATION
Operations: General governmental operations Fire protection	.9437 per \$1000 .4718 per \$1000

NOTE 5 – ACT 425 AGREEMENT

The Township entered into a Public Act 425 agreement with the City of Petoskey in 1994. Under the terms of the agreement the Township conditionally transferred an economic development project to the City. The City will provide all municipal services to the project area, except planning and zoning which will continue to be administered by the Township. In exchange for the transfer, the City will share with the Township, tax revenues levied in the district. For the year ended March 31, 2008 the Township received \$675,694 in shared tax revenues.

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

	_	Balance of pril 1, 2007	Add	ditions	Disp	osal	Balance of arch 31, 2008																				
Capital assets not depreciated Land	\$	723,335	\$			\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		-	\$ 723,335
Capital assets being depreciated																											
Buildings		496,193		50,098		-	546,291																				
Equipment and furniture		163,507	1	61,289			 324,796																				
Total capital assets being depreciated		659,700	2	11,387		-	871,087																				
Less: accumulated depreciation		(334,511)	(5	57,707)			 (392,218)																				
Total capital assets	\$	1,048,524	\$ 15	3,680	\$		\$ 1,202,204																				

Depreciation expense was charged to the Township's functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 12,104
Public Safety	39,621
Recreation	5,982
	\$ 57,707

NOTE 7 – FUND EQUITY RESERVATIONS AND DESIGNATIONS

The Fire Fund has \$226,380 restricted for fire protection.

The Capital Improvements Fund has \$553,150 designated for public improvements and major equipment expenditures.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters.

The Township belongs to the Michigan Township Participating Plan, which currently operates as a common risk management and insurance program for various municipalities throughout the state. The Township pays an annual premium for its general insurance and workers' compensation coverage. The Plan is self-sustaining through member premiums and 100% reinsures through commercial companies.

	Orig	inal Budget	Fin	nal Budget		Actual	Fin	ance with al Budget er (Under)
Revenues:								
Taxes:	ф	00.000	Φ	0.40,000	Φ	000 407	Φ	(44,000)
Property taxes	\$	90,000	\$	240,000	\$	228,197	\$	(11,803)
Act 425 tax revenue		675,000		675,000		675,694		694
State shared revenues		150,750		150,750		184,821		34,071
Charges for services		87		87		21,414		21,327
Licenses and permits		10,000		10,000		10,853		853
Interest		-		-		44,727		44,727
Other	-	2,300		2,300		518		(1,782)
Total Revenues		928,137		1,078,137		1,166,224		88,087
Expenditures:								
Legislative								
Township Board								
Salaries						12,947		
Fees and per diem						2,923		
Office supplies						1,861		
Printing and postage						2,048		
Professional services						21,770		
Dues & subscriptions						3,754		
Legal notices						1,688		
Education and training						2,030		
Insurance						14,445		
Other expenses						6,922		
Total legislative		92,000		92,000		70,388		(21,612)
General Government								
Township Supervisor								
Salaries and wages						19,269		
Clerical						416		
Supplies						1,066		
Other expenses						357		
Total township supervisor		21,000		21,000		21,108		108

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Elections	Original Budget	i mai buuget	Actual	Over (Onder)
Wages and fees			2,570	
Fees and per diem			410	
Supplies			275	
Education and training			280	
Other expenses			347	
Total elections	3,000	4,000	3,882	(118)
Township Assessor				
Salaries and wages			26,390	
Fees and per diem			511	
Contracted services			455	
Supplies			774	
Other expenses			1,324	
Total township assessor	26,500	28,500	29,454	954
Township Clerk				
Salary, clerk			22,831	
Wages, deputy clerk			2,686	
Supplies			893	
Other expenses			215	
Total township clerk	28,000	28,000	26,625	(1,375)
Township Board of Review				
Fees and per diem			3,429	
Legal notices			680	
Education and training			280	
Other expenses			108	
Total board of review	3,500	4,500	4,497	(3)
Township Treasurer				
Salary, treasurer			22,935	
Wages, deputy treasurer			1,796	
Supplies			1,855	
Printing and postage			3,155	
Professional services			455	
Other expenses			697	
Total township treasurer	31,000	31,000	30,893	(107)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Building and Grounds				
Wages			2,371	
Supplies			2,931	
Professional services			10,632	
Contracted services Utilities			7,185 7,142	
Equipment repair			1,371	
Total building & grounds	26,000	26,000	31,632	5,632
Total General Government	139,000	143,000	148,091	5,091
Community & Economic Development				
Planning & Zoning			05.000	
Salaries and wages			25,669	
Fees and per diem Supplies			6,691 703	
Legal notices			614	
Contracted services			4,875	
Professional services			16,820	
Education and training			2,803	
Other expenses			177	
Total community &				
economic development	59,000	59,500	58,352	(1,148)
Public Works				
Fees & per diem			4,333	
Legal notices			567	
Street lighting			2,827	
Road improvements			536,676	
Spring cleanup			19,611	
Recycle program			45,368	
Total public works	568,000	610,500	609,382	(1,118)

								ance with al Budget
	Orig	inal Budget	Fir	nal Budget		Actual	Ove	er (Under)
Recreation and Culture		_				_		_
Recreation program						18,687		
Library						3,095		
Township parks:								
Contracted services						14,500		
Professional services						43,730		
Utilities						1,485		
Other expenses						1,944		
Total recreation and culture		75,200		85,700		83,441		(2,259)
Capital Outlay		100,000		139,500		125,074		(14,426)
Total Expenditures		1,033,200		1,130,200		1,094,728		(35,472)
Not Ohan as in Famil Balance		(405,000)		(50,000)		74 400		400 550
Net Change in Fund Balance		(105,063)		(52,063)		71,496		123,559
Fund Balance - April 1, 2007		1 760 770		1 760 770		1 760 770		
runu balance - April 1, 2007		1,768,770		1,768,770		1,768,770		
Fund Balance - March 31, 2008	\$	1,663,707	\$	1,716,707	\$	1,840,266	\$	123,559
	<u> </u>	.,000,.01	Ψ	.,,	Ψ_	.,0.0,200	Ψ	. 20,000

	riginal Final Fi				Actual		riance with nal Budget er (Under)
Revenues:							
Property taxes Interest income	\$ 80,000	\$	80,000	\$	107,174 3,347	\$	27,174 3,347
Total revenues	80,000		80,000		110,521		30,521
Expenditures: Public Safety Operating expenses	195,000		195,000		77,925		(117,075)
Capital Outlay	 		125,000		86,313		(38,687)
Total expenditures	195,000		320,000		164,238		(155,762)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(115,000)		(240,000)		(53,717)		186,283
Fund Balance - April 1, 2007	 280,097		280,097		280,097		
Fund Balance - March 31, 2008	\$ 165,097	\$	40,097	\$	226,380	\$	186,283

	Original Budget				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Interest income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,067	\$	33,067
Fund Balance - April 1, 2007		520,083		520,083		520,083		
Fund Balance - March 31, 2008	\$	520,083	\$	520,083	\$	553,150	\$	33,067

Statement of Tax Levy and Collections March 31, 2008

	Millage Rate	Adjus Lev		Collected		eturned elinquent
Emmet County:						
Operational	1.1258	\$ 1,23	32,896 \$	1,192,138	\$	40,758
Senior Citizens	0.4990	12	26,840	119,872		6,968
Medical Care Facility	0.4792	12	21,806	115,114		6,692
EMS	0.1476	3	37,512	35,451		2,061
Petoskey Public Schools	21.0193	3,22	21,357	3,028,000		193,357
Char-Emmet Intermediate School District	2.5453	69	96,391	658,132		38,259
North Central Michigan College	2.3770	60	04,221	571,026		33,195
Greenwood Cemetery	0.4700	11	19,468	112,905		6,563
SET	6.0000	1,52	25,237	1,474,815		50,422
Township:						
General	1.9690	23	39,934	226,756		13,178
Fire Fund	0.4922	1′	19,926	113,338		6,588
Total	37.1244	\$ 8,04	45,588 \$	7,647,547	\$	398,041

Percent of Levy Collected 95.05%

MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUGH E. MASON VELDA K. KAMMERMANN 110 Park Avenue Charlevoix, Michigan 49720 Telephone (231) 547-4911 Facsimile (231) 547-5911

July 25, 2008

To the Township Board Resort Township Petoskey, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Resort Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Resort Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiencies constitute material weaknesses:

Segregation of Duties

A properly designed system of internal control segregates the accounting responsibilities from employees who have access to physical assets such as cash, investments and payroll, from authorization and approval of transactions and account reconciliations. The small size of the administrative staff precludes a complete segregation of duties resulting in more than a remote risk that material misstatements could occur and not be detected during normal activities.

Preparation of Financial Statements

During the course of our audit, it was noted employees and/or management have limited technical expertise to prepare the Township's financial statements and notes to the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of the Township's financial statements and notes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America is the responsibility of management. Management is responsible for establishing, maintaining, and monitoring internal controls, and for the fair presentation in the financial statements of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows, including the notes to the financial statements, in conforming with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Township, as is common with smaller entities, has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements and footnotes as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the Township's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered part of the government's internal controls.

The result of this condition is that the Township lacks internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and instead relies, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Trustees, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Mason & Kammermann, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Man. Kammann PC

MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUGH E. MASON VELDA K. KAMMERMANN 110 Park Avenue Charlevoix, Michigan 49720 Telephone (231) 547-4911 Facsimile (231) 547-5911

July 25, 2008

To the Board of Trustees Resort Township

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Resort Township for the year ended March 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon July 25, 2008. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

Our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Resort Township are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2008. We noted no transactions entered into by the Township during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Resort Township July 25, 2008 Page 2

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial users.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Communication with Management

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated July 25, 2008.

Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Township's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Trustees and management of Resort Township and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Mason & Kammermann, P.C.

Mana Kommumom PC

Mason & Kammermann, P.C. Certified Public Accountants